## Caistor Rural District Council

# ANNUAL REPORT

of the

# Medical Officer of Health,

R. J. R. Mecredy, B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H.,

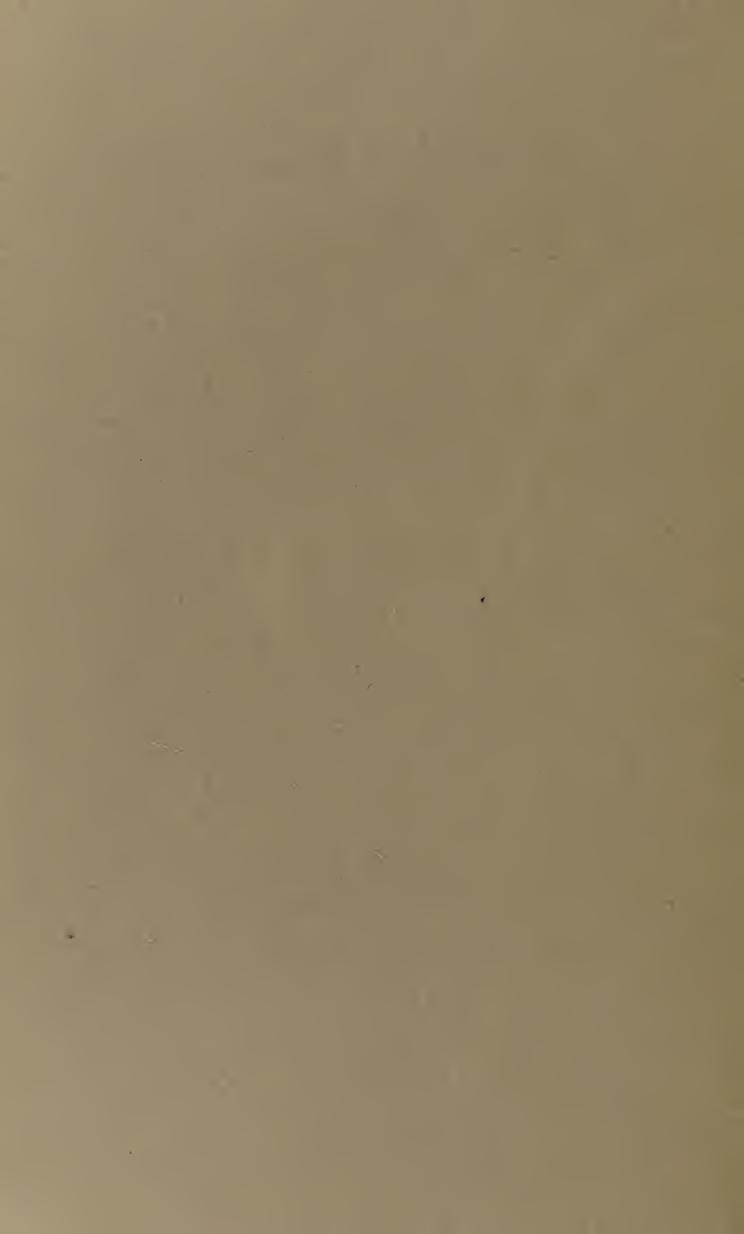
and of the

# Chief Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor,

D. Drakes, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

for the year

1949.



## Caistor Rural District Council

# ANNUAL REPORT

of the

# Medical Officer of Health,

R. J. R. Mecredy, B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H.,

and of the

# Chief Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor,

D. Drakes, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

for the year

1949.

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2016 with funding from Wellcome Library

## ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

To the Chairman and Members of the

CAISTOR RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit my Annual Report for the year 1949.

The general health and welfare of the Rural District continues to be reasonably good.

You will note that the Housing position continues to improve though more slowly than in 1948.

A further step forward has been taken with regard to water supplies 22 parishes are now on a piped supply.

Measles and Whooping Cough again showed the highest figures for infectious diseases.

Diphtheria was once again absent from the District.

The health of children in the District remains good though there appeared to be some deterioration in the state of their teeth.

I wish to thank again Mr. Drakes, Senior Sanitary Inspector for the constructive work he has done during the year. I think thanks are due also to the loyal co-operation of the Assistant Sanitary Inspector, Mr. Morley, and to the Office Staff. Mr. Dixon, Waterworks Manager, has again had a busy year. In conclusion I desire to express my thanks to the Chairman and the Public Health Committee for their helpful co-operation.

lam,

Your obedient Servant,

R. J. R. MECREDY.

Medical Officer of Health, Caistor Rural District Council.

#### SECTION A

#### VITAL AND GENERAL STATISTICS

According to the Registrar General's estimate the population has risen slightly between 1931 and 1949.

It will be noted that there are 1,100 non-civilians in the area. This is due to the presence of Binbrook Aerodrome in the Stainton-le-Vale Parish.

Only 3 infants under one year of age died giving the lowest infant mortality rate since my reports commenced in 1942.

A very curious feature of the distribution of births is that there were 137 male and only 77 female.

CAISTOR RURAL DISTRICT consists of 40 Parishes and covers an area of 119,992 acres. It is almost entirely agricultural.

Population 1921 Census	 12,670
Population 1931 Census	 12,648
Population (estimated) 1949	 12,850
Non Civilian Population	 1,100
Total Population 1949	 13,950
Habitable Houses (aproximately)	 3,914

The rateable value of the District on the 1st April, 1949, was £29,355 and the product of the penny rate £175 19s. 2d. for the year ending 31st March, 1950.

## EXTRACT FROM VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1949

Total Live Births	. 214
Total Illegitimate Live Births	. 10
Birth Rate: per 1,000 estimated resident population	า
mid 1949	
Total Deaths (all causes)	. 14.1
Death Rate: per 1,000 estimated population	. 10.9
Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age	e 3

## DEATHS FROM PUERPERAL CAUSES

Nil

## DEATH RATE OF INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE

All infants per 1,000 live births	 14.0
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate births	 14.7
llegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate births	 Nil
Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	 14
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	 Nil
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	 1
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)	 Nil

#### SECTION B

## GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

I. Mental Illness—Treatment will be arranged in conjunction with the Regional Hospital Board. Supervision and aftercare will be carried out by specially trained workers employed by the County Council.

Mental Defectives—The County Council through the Regional Hospital Board will make arrangements for the institu-

tional care of mental defectives.

The County Council remains responsible for the care and supervision of mental defectives in their own homes.

2. Laboratory Facilities
Examinations are carried out at the Public Health Laboratory,
St. Anne's Road, Lincoln, and at Grimsby and District
Hospital.
Diphtheria Anti-toxin, Anti-typhoid Serum, and Scarlet
Fever Streptococcus Anti-toxin are supplied by the District
Council.

3. Ambulance Facilities, Under National Fire Service
An Ambulance can be obtained either through the patients'
Doctor or Nurse, or in the event of emergency by asking the
Telephone Operator for the Ambulance Station.

# SUMMARY (for reference) OF NURSING ARRANGEMENTS, HOSPITALS AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS AVAILABLE FOR THE DISTRICT

Nursing in the Home

All District Nurses now come under the authority of the Lindsey County Council.

#### Clinics and Treatment Centres

Treatment and aftercare of tubercular cases now comes under the Regional Hospital Board. School Clinics remain under the charge of the Lindsey County Council.

Hospitals—Isolation

All cases of Infectious Diseases and Smallpox cases are dealt with by the Regional Hospital Board.

Midwifery and Maternity Services

Administered by the Lindsey County Council.

## Health Visitors

The duties of the above are performed through the Lindsey County Council.

#### Infant Life Protection

The duties of the above are performed through the Lindsey County Council.

Arrangements for Dental, etc., cases by the Lindsey County Council.

Registration of Nursing Homes by the Lindsey County Council.

Orthopaedic cases are now seen at the various hospital outpatient departments.

Home Help Service—Full time and part-time home helps are now available in the District (Lindsey County Council).

#### SECTION C

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: 196 cases were notified in 1949 as against 181 in 1948, 172 in 1947, and 176 in 1946.

The number of cases of Measles was 88 which showed a definite drop from the three previous years with 115, 114 and 111 in that order.

Whooping Cough again showed an increase to 71 cases as against 48 in 1949. The only death recorded from the commoner infectious diseases was from Whooping Cough.

Only 4 cases of Scarlet Fever were notified. This is the second year in which Scarlet Fever has been very low. 5 cases were notified in 1948.

No cases of Diphtheria were notified.

There were 13 notifications of tubercular diseases as against 15 in 1948 and 14 in 1947.

There was a definite rise in Pneumonia notifications from 4 in 1948 to 15 in 1949.

There was one case of Pneumoconiosis.

174 children received their first immunisation against diphtheria. This shows a steady drop from 1947 with 243 children and 1948 when 208 children were immunised.

111 children were reimmunised.

On the other hand it shows a close relationship to the births over the last three years which average 220.

Primary Vaccinations against Smallpox amounted to 72. Revaccinations numbered 15.

There were no cases of food poisoning reported during the year.

6

#### SECTION D

## Water Supply

Middle Rasen and Tealby are still supplied by the Market Rasen Water Company. The supply to Tealby is in certain areas still quite inadequate. Holton-le-Moor, Brocklesby and Walesby are also on privately owned water supplies which were quite adequate.

There are limited private supplies in the parishes of Kirmond-le-Mire and Swinhope. 22 parishes were supplied with piped water by the end of the year. The piped water supply to Riby, Keelby, Limber, Swallow, Cabourne and Rothwell had reached all these villages by the end of the year but house connections were not completed. Work was still in progress towards the end of the year on a piped water supply for the parishes of Glentham, Bishop Norton, Snitterby and Waddingham.

Plans had also been prepared for the supply of piped water to Lissington and Linwood parishes.

81 samples of water were taken for analyses. 34 of these were from wells and 47 from public supplies.

A comprehensive report on the result of these is included in the Sanitary Inspector's report. An estimate of the population on piped supplies is included as under.

# WATER SUPPLY FROM MAINS BELONGING TO THE COUNCIL

Parish			Total	Supplied	
8 031 40 11			Population	Houses	Population
Caistor			 1519	459	1452
Bigby			 2.21	16	73
Grasby			 361	21	310
North Kelsey			 790	175	696
South Kelsey			 460	84	316
Searby and Ow	mby		 166	31	109
Osgodby			 489	132	403
Owersby			 384	56	294
West Rasen			 150	24	89
Toft Newton			 137	19	106
Buslingthorpe			 86	13	59
Nettleton			 489	70	390
Somerby			 77	10	36
Claxby			 189	37	127
Normanby		• • •	 83	12	48
Keelby			 864	260	807
Limber			 358	116	352

# PARISHES SUPPLIED BY THE MARKET RASEN WATER COMPANY

***************************************										
Parish				Total	Supp					
				Population	Houses	Population				
Tealby				595	160	524				
Middle Rasen			• • •	1086	265	808				
		PRIVA	ATE	SUPPLY						
Parish				Total	Supp					
				Population	Houses	Population				
Holton-le-Moor					54	170				
Walesby	• • •			256	56	186				

#### BROCKLESBY ESTATE SUPPLY

Parish		Total	Supp		
			Population	Houses	Population .
Brocklesby			 202	63	202

#### SECTION E

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal

The Tealby Sewerage Scheme was nearing completion at the end of the year. A report prepared by Mr. Drakes for the Public Inquiry into the matter of sewage schemes for Osgodby, Waddingham, Snitterby, Keelby and Glentham indicated that a very considerable amount of crude sewage was being discharged into becks draining all these villages. The drainage from all these villages save Keelby enters the Ancholme.

Approximately 965 houses in the Rural District have Water Closets installed. There are approximately 2,990 houses with

either privy vaults or pail closets.

## Refuse Collection

The present direct labour scheme in Caistor, Nettleton and

Keelby has been extended to Brocklesby.

A scheme for dry refuse collection in the whole of the area value approved by the Council during the year and will start on April 1st, 1950. The cost is a further 1s. 2d. rate for refuse disposal only.

### SECTION F

Housing

37 Council Houses were built during the year and 13 were built privately making a total of 50 houses in all. This brings the total of Council Houses in occupation in the Rural District to 315. In all 134 new houses have been built since 1945.

17 reconditionings classed as conversions and adaptations to

existing property were completed during the year.

One building was found to be unfit for occupation during the year.

#### SECTION G-GENERAL

#### Rodent Control

The council join with the Brigg Urban District Council and Market Rasen Urban District Council employing a full time operator. Control over tips, sewers and sewage works is satisfactorily maintained.

Supervision of Food premises and Dairies

More work has been done in this respect than for some time. Ice cream premises, fish and chip shops and catering establishments generally have received much attention with a resultant rise in standards of cleanliness.

Joint Inspections with the Milk Production Officer of the N.A.A.S. and a farmer representative of the L.A.E.C. was carried out in respect of all new milk producers up to 1st October, 1949, when responsibility passed to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

Further details of the volume of work done can be seen in Mr. Drakes' complete report.

## Town and Country Planning Act, 1947

The implementation of this Act continues to add to the volume of work which falls on the staff.

## To the Caistor Rural District Council

Mr. Chairman, Ladies & Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting for your information and consideration my fifth Annual Report as your Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor. Details of work carried out in your Public Health Department during the twelve months ended 31st December, 1949, are given in full.

The year has been one of progress in all aspects of the Department's work, as the reading of this report will show

without doubt.

## 1. TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING

The Council in operation of the delegated powers from the Lindsey County Council under the Town & Country Planning Act, 1947, have dealt with a total of 176 planning proposals during the year. The documentation of these cases is unfortunately an onerous matter, and demands a high standard of recording. The Planning Register is now a statutory document available on demand for public scrutiny.

Of the 176 cases dealt with eight were refused on planning grounds, six in the case of private applicants, two in respect of

Caistor R.D.C. Housing proposals.

Much informal work is done by your staff in assisting private applicants to prepare application forms, discuss sites and proposals, and generally help liaison between the individual and the County Planning Authority.

## 2. HOUSING AND BUILDING DEVELOPMENT

## 1. General

The Council continue to press ahead with new housing, and in accordance with Government policy the number of private

enterprise houses erected has been severely restricted.

Other building works have been completed as quickly as Civil Building Control restrictions have allowed, although relaxations in the "free limits" under which buildings may be erected or altered have encouraged building operations especially on farm premises.

The shortage of essential materials such as bricks, timber and cement has restricted both new housing and repair and reconstruction programmes.

The following details show the proposals approved by the Council during the year with comparative figures for preceeding years.

## TABLE OF PLANS APPROVED DURING THE YEAR 1949,

with corresponding details for 1946, 1947, 1948.

A ALMANDER AND AND AND AND MAKE AND MAKE AND	19	45	19	46	19	47	19	148	19	49
Type of Building	Plans	Buildings	Plans	Buildings	Plans	Buildings	Plans	Buildings	Plans	Buildings
I—Council Houses 2—Private Houses 3—Additions and	6	10	17	24	17	61	7 24	26	14	78 16
Alterations to Houses 4—Conversions to Houses 5—Farm Buildings	12	12	36 11 22	38 13 22	46 7 38	49 8 51	72 10 53	81 16 72	44 11 26	51 17 30
6—Factories (including alterations and additions 7—Temporary Buildings	3	8	3	3 4	2	2 4	8	13	4 2	4 3
8—Licensed Premises (alterations and additions) 9—Shops (including	3	4	I	I	3	3	4	4	6	6
alterations and additions) 10—Petrol Stations and	1	I	4	4	1		9	12	8	8
Garages [1—Local Authority (sewers	Ι	1	2	3	2	2	5	5	2	3
and water schemes 12—Statutory Undertakings	•		2	3	2	2	4	6	5	6
(Electricity Board etc.) 13—Private Garages	i	1	3 13	3 13	14	14	4 8	4	25 8	25
14—Electricity Sub-Stations Totals	33	46	119	132	144	206	218	291	170	255

#### 2. New Houses

During the past 19 years (1930–1949 inclusive) 523 new houses have been built in the District, 299 by private enterprise and 224 by this Council.

## **New Houses Completed**

			Priva	te Ente	rprise	Caistor R.	D.C.
1930			• • •	6		30	
1931				19		12	
1932				24		jamentus m	
1933				27		pulmotes	
1934				14		barrow	
1935				29			
1936				23		8	
1937				29			
1938				28		20	
1939	• • •		• • •	48		30	
1944		• • •				30	
1946	• • •	• • •		8		20	
1947		• • •		14		20 57	
1948				17		37 37	
1949				13			
		Totals	• • •	299		224	

The houses completed in 1949, were in the following parishes.

Private Enterprise Caistor R.D.C.

		LIIAGE	e Files hillse	Caisto: 11.
Caistor			2	10
Claxby		• • •	2	
Keelby		• • •	1	-
Kelsey, Nor	th		1	Name to the second seco
Legsby			2	
Limber			-	4
Linwood		• • •	1	
Lissington			l j	mate and
Osgodsby		• • •	i	4
Rasen, Midd	le		£ 2	transministration of the state
Swallow			Water Control of the	4
Tealby			1	10
Waddingham		• • •	-	ļ
Walesby			8.crtasen	4
		~	Marin Marin Marin	2.77
			13	37

All new houses are provided with one or more W.C's., a separate bathroom and running hot water.

### 3. COUNCIL HOUSES

Post War Programme The comparative position in Council Housing at 31st December, 1948 and 31st December, 1949, was as follows:

	1948	1797
Total Proposals	 118	182
Completed	 78	115
Under Construction	 36	39

The following table gives the complete details parish by parish of Council Houses erected since 1919.

# DETAILS BY PARISHES SINCE COMMENCEMENT OF COUNCIL BUILDING IN 1920.

			,		The state of the s	Post W	ar Progr	ramme
			,	1940		Positio	on on 31	-12-49
				Completed before 1	Completed 1944	Completed	Under constuction Inciuding tenders etc., but not started	Proposed (in all stages of preparation)
Bigby		• • •				2	6	
Bishop Norton					2.	4	• • •	4
Brocklesby								
Buslingthorpe		• • •		4		• • •		2
Cabourne		• • •					4	20
Caistor		• • •	• • •	33	4	20	8	20
Claxby	• • •	* * *		• • •		2 4	4	4
Glentham	• • •	b 0 0	• • •	4	2	4	7	4
Grasby			• • •	4	• • •	7	4	
Holton-le-Moor		• • •	!	18	2	4	4	20
Keelby				18	2	8		18
Kelsey, North Kelsey, South	0 9 0		• • •	14	2	4		8
Kirmond-le-Mire		• • •	• • •					• • •
Legsby		•••		2	2			8
Limber	• • •	• • •		8		8		4
Linwood					• • •			4
Lissington							• • •	4
Nettleton	h • •			14		Ą	8	12
Normanby-le-Wold		• • •					• • •	4
Osbodby				10	2	6		4
Owersby		• • •	• • •	6	4		6	2
Rasen, Middle		• • •	• • •	18		8	8	4
Rasen, West		• • •	• • •	• •	2	• • •	• • •	2
Riby		• • •		• • •	A	• • •	12	• • •
Rothwell		• • •	• • • •	• • •	4	2	12	2
Searby-cum-Owmby Sixhills			• • •	• • •	• • •			2
Cnittochy	• • •	• • •	• • •	4	• • •	4	• • •	4
Camanhi	• • •				• • •		• • •	
Stainton-le-Vale	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	2
Swallow	• • •		• • •			4		
Swinhope		• • •	• • •	• • •				4
Tealby	• • •	• • •		• • •		12		
Thoresway			!					4
Thorganby					• • •			
Toft Newton	4					2	• • •	• • •
Waddingham				18	2	4	4	4
Walesby		• • •		• • •		4		
Willingham, North	• • •	• • •			• • •	4		• • •
		Totals		171	30	114	68	154

Summarized, your Council Housing on 31st December, 1949, was as follows:

Completed	Pre-War			• • •	171
Completed	1944				30
Completed	Post-War				114
Under Co	nstruction (i	naluding	te	nder's	
let but	not started	)			68
Proposals	(including all	stages	of		
	ation)				154
	,				
					537

## 4. COUNCIL HOUSING-GENERAL REMARKS

The cost of your Council Houses has varied in the post war

years between £1,214 and £1,496, including site works.

Rents of new houses have been fixed at 11/- per week plus rates which vary over the District between 2/8d. to 4/5d. per week.

A feature of post war housing has been the provision of old

peoples bungalows at a rent of 7/- per week plus rates.

All these rents compare extremely favourably with present costs and rents of new houses generally, and rents in other neighbouring districts.

Prewar house rents vary between 7/- and 8/- per week plus

rates.

The Repairs and Maintenance Fund benefits by a sum of £6 per house per annum, and this amount is spent annually. The accumulated balance over the war years has been spent since 1946, and every house owned by the Council had been painted at least once by 31st December, 1949.

## 5. RURAL HOUSING SURVEY

The total number of houses inspected to date is 1,746. The categories in which these houses have been placed are as follows:—

Category	2.	Fit in all respects Requiring minor repairs Requiring major repairs	496 363 261	28.4% 20.9% 14.9%
9 ¢	4.	Requiring reconstruction and reconditioning Unfit and incapable of repair	232 394	13.2% 22.6%

The total number of houses below £16 rateable value still to

be surveyed, is 966.

Owing to the demands of more important work, only a small number of houses have been categorized during the year.

## 6. RECONDITIONING

Private applicants

17 houses have been reconditioned during the year. In all cases of reconditioning running hot water, seperate bathrooms

and one or more W.C.'s are part of the scheme.

Three applications have been received under the Housing Act, 1949, for reconditioning grants, though no approvals have yet been received from the Ministry Departments concerned. Council Houses

Your policy regarding the improvement of pre-war Council

Houses has been further implemented during the year.

Pre-war houses are provided with running hot water at a weekly increased rent of 1/6 and electricity installed at a

weekly increased rent of 1/3.

Thus, a pre-war house twenty years old, with a rent of 7/- is completely modernized with amenities comparable with present day houses, and the rent is increased to 9/9 per week. This is a favourable comparison with the new post war house at 11/- per week.

During 1949 21 hot water installations have been completed

and 16 electricity installations.

## 7. SUMMARY OF WORK UNDER THE HOUSING ACTS **DURING 1949**

(a) Dwelling house inspections (1) Total houses inspected for defects	40 40
(2) No. of inspections made for purpose	40
(3) No. of dwellings found to be dangerous	
or injurious to health as to be unfit for	1
human habitation	1
(4) No. of Houses found defective but repair-	20
able	39
(b) Remedy of defects during the year without	
service of formal notices	
(1) No. of dwellings rendered fit as a result	
of informal action	15
(c) Overcrowding	

There is no record of the number of overcrowded houses in the District at the moment.

The permitted number of new houses and reconditioned properties are added to the Register compiled under the Housing Act, 1936.

#### 8. ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES

Total number of nuisances investigated during year	47
Total number of nuisances abated as a result of	
informal action by Sanitary Inspector	47
Details of nuisances are as follows:—	
Accumulation of refuse	
Foul ditches, ponds and stagnant water	
Foul pigs and other animals	5

#### 9. HOUSE DRAINAGE AND CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

## (a) Sewers and Sewer Connections

The new sewerage scheme to the parish of Tealby is now close on completion. The sewers are laid and tested, and the sewerage works are complete except for delivery of special fittings.

As soon as the works are functioning, the work of connect-

ing house drains will begin.

The Parishes of Caistor, Keelby, North Kelsey and South Kelsey have sewers with either irrigation or septic tank disposal methods.

The Parish of Middle Rasen has a joint sewerage scheme, with the U.D.C. of Market Rasen, the works being situated

in Middle Rasen parish.

The estimated number of properties on the sewers in these

parishes is:-

		On	sewer	Having W.C.'s
Caistor	• • •		440	380
Keelby			200	40
North Kelsey			180	41
South Kelsey			100	30
Middle Rasen			170	92

During the year, you have placed before the Ministry of Health 4 schemes for priority consideration as regards new sewers and disposal works.

These schemes are:—

1. Waddingham and Snitterby (joint scheme)

2. Keelby

3. Osgodby (part scheme)

4. Glentham

The date of public inquiry is still awaited.

16

Minute surveys of these parishes have been made and maps compiled showing the existing sanitary conditions, so that full evidence may be presented to the Minister's representatives when the public inquiry is held.

Details are as follows:-

# SUMMARY OF EXISTING CONDITIONS IN HOUSES WHICH WOULD BE SERVED BY THE PROPOSED SCHEMES

		Sanitary Acconmo'tion			Disposal of Liquid Wastes			
		Pail Closets	Privy Middens	Water Closets	To Cesspools, Sumps, or Dykes	To a joint drain discharging into open dykes	No drains of any kind	To Septic Tanks
Waddingham	 	76	32	6	42	46	13	4
Snitterby	 	10	24	5	9	23	2.	5
Keelby	 	211		26	31	165	28	14
Osgodby	 	45	34	23	50	38	12	
Glentham		• 37	35	7	18	28	9	7

#### 10. DRAINAGE.

During the year financial assistance has been given in eight cases for the conversion of pail closets to water closets.

Caistor ... 2
North Kelsey ... 2
Middle Rasen ... 4

Since 1945, 38 grant aided conversions have been carried out. In addition 405 inspections were made of new or defective drainage systems and defects were remedied by reconstruction or renewal.

All new drainage work is tested by water or smoke test by staff of your Public Health Department.

The erection of new Council Houses in groups and the installation of small self contained sewage works, is adding considerably to the maintenance duties of your outside staff.

Each works must be visited regularly to ensure that working parts are in order and filters are kept in a "sweet" condition.

This aspect of the cost of housing, though not alarming, is important, as a man needs transport, and can only attend a limited number of plants weekly. If these small plants are to increase, then staff must also keep pace, and maintanance charges per annum are a very large item in the estimates prepared by your Officers.

17

A large number of parish drains are cleared annually by

direct labour or local labour in the parishes concerned.

At the moment, parish drains or dykes are maintained in Bigby, Claxby, Keelby, Waddingham, Searby, Grasby, North Kelsey, North Owersby, Osgodby, Tealby, Glentham, Bishop Norton, Middle Rasen and Linwood, an approximate total of open drain of 400 chains.

Your Public Health Committee is well aware of the danger to health arising from these drains, as reflected in the selec-tion of ten priority schemes for new sewers and sewerage

works when possible, as far back as July, 1947.

An extract from the minutes of the Public Health Com-

mittee for that date reads as follows:-

1. That the Consulting Engineer prepare detailed plans and particulars for the completion of an application to the Ministry of Health for sanction to proceed with Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Schemes in the following parishes order of priority), and that application for is under the 1944 Act be applied for as the schemes are necessary owing to the provision or proposed provision of a piped water supply.

(1)Osgodby

(2)Waddingham & Snitterby

(3)Keelby

Glentham (4)

Nettleton and Caistor (Extention and Disposal Works) (5)

Bishop Norton (6)

(7)Limber

North Kelsey (Extension and Disposal Works)

South Kelsey

The present position is:-

Osgodby. Public inquiry not held yet. No date as yet from Ministry of Health.

Waddingham & Snitterby. Public inquiry not held yet. (2)No date as yet from Ministry of Health.

' elby. Public inquiry not held yet. No date as yet from Ministry of Health.

Glentham. Public inquiry not held yet. No date as (4)yet from Ministry of Health.

Nettleton & Caistor. Not ready for submission to (5)Ministry.

Bishop Norton. Too costly—cannot be submitted. (6)

Limber. Too costly—cannot be submitted. (7)

North Kelsey. Not ready for submission to Ministry. South Kelsey. Not ready for submission to Ministry. (8) (9)

Unfortunately, as will be seen, progress is not as fast as can be desired, and it is doubtful whether, owing to costs, some of these schemes will ever be done.

The problem then returns to be solved by your policy of make-do-and-mend as and when (a) nuisance arises, (b) funds permit.

## 11. PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936, SECTION 154.

In December, 1949, two men from the Leeds district were found giving books and other articles to children at the Caistor Junior Schools, in return for rags and woollen clothing.

A successful prosecution was taken against both men, who

were fined £3 each.

This practice still continues, and is a menace to health. The penalties imposed appear to have little relation to an obviously lucrative occupation, when vehicle and men can travel 80 to 100 miles, and spend a very short time in a village, and return with a load of rags, wool etc.

#### 12. WATER SUPPLIES

A great deal of work has been carried out on the extension

of your water schemes during 1949.

On 31st December, 1949, the main laying on post war schemes A. & B. was nearing completion in the parishes of Limber, Riby, Keelby, Swallow, Cabourne and Rothwell.

At the same time work was progressing on the Scheme G towards Glentham, Bishop Norton, Snitterby and Waddingham, and consumers connections generally are being installed.

Details of populations and houses supplied are to be found

carlier in the Medical Officer of Health's report.

A routine analysis of all mains supplies now carried out at three monthly intervals for bacteriological examinations and

annually for chemical examinations.

41 samples have been taken during the year, and the standard of results is not satisfactory. While there is some room for deviation from standards because of new main laying, tapping of mains, and other works incidental to the extension of your regional schemes, I feel your attention should be drawn to the necessity for investigation of, and reorganisation, as necessary, of present methods of chlorination.

The increasing number of meters and growing miles of water main have greatly increased the work of your Waterworks

Manager

A synopsis of results gives the following information:—

	Public Supplies Caistor R.D.		Private Supply Market Rasen Water Coy., Walesby, Brocklesby. Holton, and Limber		Other indidual wells,springs&c	
	S	Uns.	S	Uns.	S	Uns.
CHEMICAL						
BACTERIOLOGICAL	12	25	3	7	5	28
Total	12	25	3	7	1 6	28

S. Satisfactory.

UNS. Unsatisfactory including "doubtful".

The Council's supply is mainly drawn from springs in the

Walesby Area of the Wolds.

The water is hard i.e. Carbonate 10.00. Non Carbonate 8.60. Private supplies tested are farm bores, shallow and deep wens each with its own problem of purification and protection from pollution.

In these cases works were recommended, and further samples

taken in an effort to provide satisfactory results.

## 13. COWSHEDS & DAIRIES

On 1st October, 1949, the supervision of milk production promises passed out of your hands to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

From 1st January, 1949, to that date 78 inspections had have made of existing premises and premises under con-

There has been a noticeable upward trend in the standard aimed at by producers as regards proposed premises, and the increase.

The Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries were supplied on request with a complete list of names and addresses of the 317

producers in your area.

he new Regulations the following licences have been

Supplementary sterilized (8 Licences)

All these relate to the sale of Sterilized milk supplied by Clover Dairies Ltd., in the following villages Limber, Osgodby, Naturation, Claxby, Bigby, Keelby and South Kelsey.

Supplementary pasteurised (4 licences)

These licences relate to the sale of bottled pasteurised milk in your area by firms resident outside the area.

#### 14. FOOD PREMISES

The following premises within the District are inspected at regular intervals.

Bakehouses	 7
Fish and Chip Shops	 9
Preserved food preparation	 1
Ice Cream (retail only)	 6

## 15. FACTORIES, FACTORY ACT, 1937

The list of factories in the District is as follows:-

Parish			tories cal Power Without	Total	Other Premises
Bigby		termon			1
Cabourne		game-temps	1	1	1
Caistor		5	3	8	2
Claxby		1	B-HEATTERN .	1	
Glentham		1	0-minute	1	1
Grasby	• • •	2	Brownsede	2	-
Keelby		3	_	3	1
North Kelsey		5	3 2	8	1
Limber	• • •	esperience A	2	2	
Nettleton		4		4	
Osgodby		5	2	7	
Owersby	• • •	1	processor .	1	1
Middle Rasen		2	-	2	1
Riby	• • •	1	(speciment)	1	1
Rothwell		4			1
Tealby		4	0.4960 -47	4	2
Waddingham Walesby	• • •	4 2		4	2
Walesby	• • •	2	Paternand	2	
		40	11	51	18
		-		(Fighter, Streets	

## Table of Factories and Other Premises

Type of Factory	₩Jechani	tories cal Power Without	Other Premises
Agricultural Displansial	1	per ains	
Baking	3	4	
Corn and Offal Warehouse .	o o o	1	
Cua Dunama	1	passion	
Gasworks	1	Bilanning	
Motor and Agricultural Engine		1	
	4		
Woodworkers Building and Engineering	13	4	
Operations	o d	Services divinantes	18
Total .	40	11	18

The number of inspections carried out during the year was:-

Without Powe	With	Power		
1			41	
Contraventions	found			6
Contraventions	remedied			2

### 15. PUBLIC SCAVENGING

the direct labour scheme for the collection of house refuse has been extended during the year to include the Parish of Brocklesby.

Dry refuse is removed weekly from the parishes of Caistor, Nettleton, Keelby, Brocklesby, and tins and bottles at regular intervals from the rest of the District.

The number of houses using bins is 800, and informal action is resulting in the increase of this number.

Uncontrolled tipping at Caistor and Keelby is used for disposal of dry refuse, and no complaints have been received regarding the condition of tips. Adequate control is maintained of weeds and vermin.

area has been approved. This will start on 1st April, 1950.

#### 16. RODENT CONTROL.

Close liaison is maintained with the County Agricultural Committee Pests Officer, and your Rodent Operator is fully employed in conjunction with Brigg U.D.C.

Efficient control is maintained on sewers and sewage works in Caistor, Keelby, North Kelsey and South Kelsey, refuse tips at Caistor, Keelby, Snitterby, Middle Rasen and North Kelsey, and other Council establishments and buildings.

Third party premises are surveyed and cleared on notice of infestation and on request. The whole of this work is approved by the Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries and ranks for financial aid.

#### 17. PETROL AND CARBIDE

There were in existence on 31st December, 1949, 22 public filling stations and 34 private petrol pumps and stores licensed by your Council for the storage of 48,800 gallons of petrol.

There has been a decrease of one bringing the number of licences for the storage of Calicium of Carbide to two, with

a storage capacity of 2,000 lbs.

### 18. STAFF

On 31st December, 1949, we lose with regret the services of Miss D. L. Camm who is retiring to a well earned rest.

Mr. George Wood, late Fuel Overseer for the Caistor District

has been appointed Senior Clerk.

Miss Betty Watmough joined the staff on 22nd August, 1949, as Junior clerk and shorthand typist in place of Miss C. Driffill

who resigned on marriage.

In conclusion I wish to express my sincere thanks to the Members, Officers and Staff of the Council, for their generous assistance and co-operation at all times.

I am Ladies & Gentlemen.

Your obedient Servant,

D. DRAKES

